AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 30, 2014 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MARCH 28, 2014

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2013-14 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 2661

Introduced by Assembly Member Bradford

February 21, 2014

An act to add Article 3.7 (commencing with Section 87375) to Chapter 7 of Title 9 of the Government Code, and to repeal and add Section 25205 of the Public Resources Code, relating to the Political Reform Act of 1974.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 2661, as amended, Bradford. Political Reform Act of 1974: conflicts of interests: interest: Energy Commission.

The Political Reform Act of 1974 prohibits a public official from making, participating in making, or in any way attempting to use his or her official position to influence a governmental decision in which the public official knows or has reason to know he or she has a financial interest. The act also imposes certain restrictions on the postgovernmental employment and activities of certain public officials. The act is administered and enforced by the Fair Political Practices Commission.

Existing law establishes the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission, commonly known as the Energy Commission. Existing law prescribes certain qualifications for members of the Energy Commission, including a prohibition against receiving a substantial portion of income from specified energy-related entities in the 2 years preceding appointment to the Energy Commission. Existing

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law prohibits members of the Energy Commission from being employed by an electric utility or applicant or, within 2 years after the member ceases to be a member of the Energy Commission, a person who engages in the sale or manufacture of a major component of a facility. Existing law prohibits a member of the Energy Commission from holding any other elected or appointed public office or position, except as specified. Existing law prohibits persons with specified relationships to a member or employee of the Energy Commission from appearing in proceedings and other matters in which the Energy Commission is a party or has a direct and substantial interest.

This bill would repeal these qualification and conflict-of-interest requirements for members and employees of the Energy Commission and recast them within the act. The bill would authorize the Fair Political Practices Commission to exempt a member or employee of the Energy Commission from the application of certain of these provisions—after a finding if it finds that the member's or employee's interest is not sufficiently substantial to affect the integrity of services expected from the member or employee, as specified.

A violation of the act is punishable as a misdemeanor. By expanding the definition of an existing crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

The Political Reform Act of 1974, an initiative measure, provides that the Legislature may amend the act to further the act's purposes upon a $\frac{2}{3}$ vote of each house and compliance with specified procedural requirements.

This bill would declare that it furthers the purposes of the act.

Vote: ²/₃. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Article 3.7 (commencing with Section 87375) is
- 2 added to Chapter 7 of Title 9 of the Government Code, to read:

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1 Article 3.7. Energy Commission Conflicts of Interests Interest

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- 87375. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (1) "Community choice aggregator" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 331.1 of the Public Utilities Code.
- (2) "Electrical corporation" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 218 of the Public Utilities Code.
- (3) "Electric service provider" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 218.3 of the Public Utilities Code.
- (4) "Energy Commission" means the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission established pursuant to Section 25200 of the Public Resources Code.
- (5) "Facility" means the structure or equipment necessary for generating, transmitting, or distributing electricity, including electric transmission lines and thermal, wind, hydroelectric, and photovoltaic plants.
- (6) Notwithstanding paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) of Section 82030, for purposes of this section, "income" includes salary and reimbursement for expenses or per diem, and social security, disability, or other similar benefit payments received from a state, local, or federal government agency, and reimbursement for travel expenses and per diem received from a bona fide nonprofit entity exempt from taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (7) "Load serving entity" means a person, including an electrical corporation, electric service provider,—or community choice aggregator,—who sells or provides, or is authorized to sell or provide, or a person who has received a substantial portion of his or her income, directly or indirectly, from selling or providing electricity to end users located in the state.
- (8) "Major component" means any product or equipment integral to facility construction or operation or to electrical generation, transmission, or distribution.
- (9) "Person" has the same meaning as set forth in Section 82047 and includes a city, county, public district or agency, the state or any department or agency thereof, and the United States or any department or agency thereof.
- 39 (b) An individual shall not be a member of the Energy 40 Commission if, during the two years prior to appointment to the

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1 Energy Commission, the individual received a substantial portion 2 of his or her income, directly or indirectly, from any of the 3 following:

- (1) A load serving entity.
- (2) A person-engaged in, or authorized to engage in, generating, transmitting, or distributing electricity in the state. who has received a substantial portion of his or her income, directly or indirectly, from either of the following:
- (A) Generating, transmitting, or distributing electricity in the state.
- 11 (3)

- (B) A person who engages in the The sale or manufacture of any major component of a facility located in the state.
- (c) Except as provided in Section 25202 of the Public Resources Code, and subject to the prohibitions of Section 1099 of the Government Code, a member of the Energy Commission shall not hold any other elected or appointed public office or position.
- (d) A member or employee of the Energy Commission shall not maintain a relationship as a partner, employer, employee, or consultant with a person who acts as an attorney, agent, or employee for a person other than the state in connection with a judicial or other proceeding, hearing, application, request for ruling, or other determination; contract; claim; controversy; study; plan; or other particular matter in which the Energy Commission is a party or has a direct and substantial interest.
- (e) If the Fair Political Practices Commission finds that the interest of a member or employee of the Energy Commission, as appropriate, in income described in subdivision (b), in holding an office or position described in subdivision (c) that is not otherwise prohibited by Section 1099, or in a relationship described in subdivision (d) is not sufficiently substantial to affect the integrity of services that the state may expect from the member or employee with respect to the Energy Commission, the subdivision to which the Fair Political Practices Commission's findings pertain shall not apply to that member or employee in that instance.
- 36 SEC. 2. Section 25205 of the Public Resources Code is repealed.
- 38 SEC. 3. Section 25205 is added to the Public Resources Code, to read:

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25205. Members and employees of the commission shall be subject to Section 87375 of the Government Code.

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SEC. 4. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.

SEC. 5. The Legislature finds and declares that this bill furthers the purposes of the Political Reform Act of 1974 within the meaning of subdivision (a) of Section 81012 of the Government Code.